## **Progression of Scientific skills**

Teach the knowledge through the skills.

There are 5 skill types that develop through the school. Each skill type should be covered at least once through the academic year. The bullet points provide success criteria for each skill. This document shows you the progression of each skill type throughout the school.

Skill	Key stage	statement
Observing	KS1	To observing closely, using simple equipment.
Obsciving		Look and notice
		Think about what I have seen
		Explore how different equipment helps me observe
	LKS2	To make systematic and careful observations.
		Look and notice
		Think about what I have seen
		Observe using a system
		To identify similarities, differences or changes in simple scientific ideas
		and processes.
		What do people think already/ What was the process?*
		How have their ideas/ the process changed?*
		What do I think about their ideas/ the process?*
		*Omit the words you don't need. Introduce chn to existing scientist's thoughts on a subject. Show chn a scientific process, and get them to share their thoughts on what you have shown them using the above SC.
		** Repeated objective (found also in reporting)
		To record findings using simple scientific language /drawings/ labelled
		diagrams/ a key/ bar charts /tables.*
		What did I find out?
		Which information is important?
		How am I going to record it?
		*Omit the words you don't need – choose one way to record.
	UKS2	To take measurements using scientific equipment.
		Use the equipment with increasing accuracy and precision.
		Take repeat readings where appropriate.
		Use a range of equipment.  The second s
		Years 5 and 6 begin to take ownership over their science learning, choosing when to use observations and how they record their findings.
Questioning	KS1	To ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in
		different ways
		Use question words: What, Why, Where, When, How.
		Think about how my questions could be answered.
		Know research, observations and simple tests can be used to
		answer my questions.
		To use my own observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.
		What do I want to know?
		What have I seen that can help me find an answer?
		What ideas do I have that can help me find an answer?
		To gather and record data to help me answer questions.
		Use observations/ pattern seeking/ simple tests to collect data.
		Record what I found out in a way that I understand.
		Explain the answer to a question using what I have found out.
	LKS2	To ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiries to
		answer them.

		Use question words: What, Why, Where, When, How.
		Ask questions about a given subject.
		<ul> <li>Use research, observations and simple tests to answer my questions.</li> </ul>
		To use scientific evidence to answer questions/ to support my findings.*
		What do scientists say already?
		What data is there already?
		Give an answer or explanation using this information.
		*Omit the words you don't need, choose to either answer questions or support my findings.
		To gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help
		me answer a question.
		What is the question?
		What am I going to do to find an answer?
		Answer a question using my findings from an enquiry.  Repeated objective (found also in gathering and recording data)
	UKS2	To plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions.
		What enquiry type will I use? (Observation/ pattern seeking/ fair)
		or comparative test/ research/ identifying and classifying)
		How will I record my findings?
		Recognise and control variables where necessary.
Investigating and	KS1	To perform simple tests
using different		Have a question.
enquiry types		Use equipment.
		Observe/ pattern seek/ use a fair or comparative test/ research/
		identify and classify)*  *Omit the words you don't need – choose only one enquiry type to complete.
	LKS2	To set up simple practical enquiries.
		What am I trying to find out?
		Which enquiry type will I use? (Observation/ pattern seeking/
		fair or comparative test/ research/ identifying and classifying)
		What equipment do I need?
	UKS2	To use test results to set up further comparative and fair tests.
		Use what I know to make predictions
		Consider the equipment I may need to keep or change
		Consider the variables I may need to keep the same or change
		To take measurements using a range of scientific equipment.
		Practise to increase the accuracy and precision
		Know what unit it equipment measures in     Take repeat readings when appropriate
Collecting and	KS1	Take repeat readings when appropriate  To Identify and classify.
recording data	KOI	Group items
. coording data		Give groups names
		Give explanations for groupings
		To gather and record data to help me answer a question.
		What is the question?
		What have I found out?
		How can I record what I have found out?
	LKS2	To gathering, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help
		me answer questions.
		What is the question?
		What am I going to do to find an answer?
		Answer a question using my findings from an enquiry.
		Repeated objective (found also in questioning)  To take accurate measurements using standard units.
		To take accurate measurements using standard units.

		Use a range of equipment, including thermometers and data
		loggers
		Know what each standard unit is measuring
		Practice with the equipment to increase accuracy and precision
	UKS2	To take measurements using a range of scientific equipment.
		Practise to increase the accuracy and precision
		Know what unit it equipment measures in
		Take repeat readings when appropriate
		Repeated objective (found also in investigating and using different enquiry types)  To record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific
		diagrams and labels.
		How will I record the data? (Classification keys/ tables/ scatter)
		graphs/ bar and line graphs)
		What am I trying to show?
		What does my data prove?
Reporting	KS1	To orally suggest answers to questions using my ideas and observations.
l Reporting	KOI	What is the question?
		What is the question:     What do I know already?
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	LKS2	<ul> <li>What can I see to help me answer the question?</li> <li>To report on findings from enquiries.</li> </ul>
	LN3Z	Give an oral/ written explanation*
		Use results to draw conclusions
		Use scientific language     *Omit the words you don't need – provide opportunity to give oral reports and written reports (can be in the form of
		displays)
		To use results to draw simple conclusions.
		Use existing findings to make further predictions for future
		enquiries
		Suggest improvements
		Raise further questions  The description of the state of the stat
		These do not need to be the children's own results. To focus on the skill provide them with existing data.  To identify similarities, differences or changes in simple scientific ideas
		and processes.
		What do people think already/ What was the process?*
		How have their ideas/ the process changed?*
		What do I think about their ideas/ the process?*
		*Omit the words you don't need. Introduce chn to existing scientist's thoughts on a subject. Show chn a scientific
		process, and get them to share their thoughts on what you have shown them using the above SC.
	TIKCO	** Repeated objective (found also in questioning)
	UKS2	To orally report or present / write a report showing findings from enquiries.*
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		The second carry mane domination of the second carry and
		To explain findings based on causal relationships     Include my eningers on the degree of trust in the results.
		<ul> <li>Include my opinions on the degree of trust in the results</li> <li>*Omit the words you don't need. Find opportunities for chn to report findings both orally and in writing;</li> </ul>
		To identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute
		ideas or arguments.
		What is my opinion?
		What do other scientists say?
		What evidence can I use to prove my opinion?
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